# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# 1-Hexene

Revision Date:2025-02-01 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: 1-Hexene
CBnumber	: CB2706559
CAS	: 592-41-6
EINECS Number	: 209-753-1
Synonyms	: 1-Hexene,hexene
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against	: none
Company Identification	
Company	: Chemicalbook
Addross	· Puilding 1. Huibuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Heidian Di

Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone	: 010-86108875

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Hazard statements

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H401 Toxic to aquatic life
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance

Product name	: 1-Hexene
Synonyms	: 1-Hexene,hexene
CAS	: 592-41-6
EC number	: 209-753-1
MF	: C6H12
MW	: 84.16

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### lf inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: caution if victim vomits. Risk of aspiration! Keep airways free. Pulmonary failure possible after aspiration of vomit. Call a physician immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

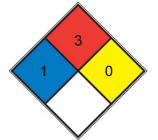
#### Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### **Further information**

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# **NFPA 704**



HEALTH	1 Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury (e.g. <u>acetone</u> , sodium bromate, potassium chloride)	
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	FIRE	3	Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions . Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or
			having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, <u>acetone</u> )
	REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, <u>N2</u> )
	SPEC.		
	HAZ.		

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquidabsorbent material (e.g.

Chemizorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

# Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

# Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Change contaminated clothing. Wash hands after working with substance. For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

# Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate

government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

#### required

**Body Protection** 

#### Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other

accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

#### **Exposure limits**

ACGIH TLV: TWA 30 ppm (adopted).

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	liquid
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	0.14ppm
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	-140,0 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	60 - 66 °C - lit.
Flash point	-25,0 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Lower explosion limit: 1,2 %(V)
limits	
Vapour pressure	206,6 hPa at 21,1 °C
Vapour density	3 (vs air)
Relative density	0.673
Water solubility	Soluble in alcohol, benzene, chloroform, ether, petroleum (Weast, 1986), and many other
	hydrocarbons including alkenes amd alkanes.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	253,0 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	(atm?m <sup>3</sup> /mol): 0.435 at 25 °C (Hine and Mookerjee, 1975)

# Other safety information

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

### **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Warming.

### Incompatible materials

acids, Strong oxidizing agents

# Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

# Acute toxicity LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - > 5.600 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 420) LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male - 4 h - 40,02 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403) Dermal Skin corrosion/irritation Skin - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404) Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eyes - Rabbit Result: No eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405) Respiratory or skin sensitization Local lymph node assay (LLNA) - Guinea pig Result: negative (OECD Test Guideline 406) Germ cell mutagenicity Test Type: Ames test Test system: S. typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test Test system: E. coli Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Test Type: gene mutation test Test system: mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: lymphocyte Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: mammalian cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: mammalian cells Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Carcinogenicity No data available **Reproductive toxicity** No data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# Toxicity

### Toxicity to fish

semi-static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 5,6 mg/l - 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0,56 - 1 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

### Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 1 - 1,8 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

### Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d Result: 91 - 96 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301C)

### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### Mobility in soil

No data available

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### Other adverse effects

No data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

# Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# **UN number**

ADR/RID: 2370 IMDG: 2370

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: 1-HEXENE IMDG: 1-HEXENE IATA: 1-Hexene

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA: 3

# Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

# **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

# Special precautions for user

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/ Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/ United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/ Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/ New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/ Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/ EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service EC50: Effective Concentration 50% IATA: International Air Transportation Association IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal Dose 50% RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

### References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

### **Other Information**

High concentrations in the air cause a deficiency of oxygen with the risk of unconsciousness or death. Check oxygen content before entering

area.

#### **Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.