Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

1,2-Dichloropropane

Revision Date:2025-06-14 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name	: 1,2-Dichloropropane					
CBnumber	: CB0472531					
CAS	: 78-87-5					
EINECS Number	: 201-152-2					
Synonyms	: 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE,Propylene Dichloride					
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against						
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.					
Uses advised against	: none					
Company Identification						
Company	: Chemicalbook					
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing					
Telephone	: 010-86108875					

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P307+P311 IF exposed: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Hazard statements

- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H370 Causes damage to organs
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- H350 May cause cancer
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H301 Toxic if swalloed
- H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

Disposal

WARNING.Cancer - https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/12-dichloropropane

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: 1,2-Dichloropropane
Synonyms	: 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE,Propylene Dichloride
CAS	: 78-87-5
EC number	: 201-152-2
MF	: C3H6Cl2
MW	: 112.99

Description of first aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Hydrogen chloride gas Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

Advice for firefighters

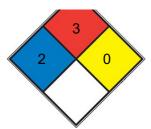
Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

NFPA 704





	HEALTH	2	Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u> <u>ether</u> , ammonium phosphate, iodine)
	FIRE	3	Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions . Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, <u>acetone</u>)
	REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, <u>N2</u>)
	SPEC.		
	HAZ.		

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-

absorbent material (e.g.

Chemizorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance. For precautions see section 2.2.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

control parameter

Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate

government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact Material: Viton?

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:KCL 890 Vitoject?

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 10 min Material tested:KCL 898 Butoject?

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other

accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the

instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Exposure limits

Potential occupational carcinogen. NIOSH REL: IDLH 400 ppm; OSHA PEL: TWA 75 ppm (350 mg/m³); ACGIH TLV: TWA 75 ppm, STEL 110 ppm (adopted).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	clear liquid, clear
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -100 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	95 - 96 °C - lit.
Flash point	15,0 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Upper explosion limit: 14,5 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 3,4 %(V)
limits	
Vapour pressure	66,17 - 71,98 hPa at 25 °C
Vapour density	3.89 (vs air)
Relative density	1,156 g/mL at 25 °C - lit. No data available
Water solubility	1,297 g/l at 25 °C - soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1,98 - 2,28 - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	557,0 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: 0,757 mm2/s at 20 °C Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	0.81, 1.06, 1.32, 2.01, and 2.74 at 2.0, 6.0, 10.0, 18.0, and 25.0 °C, respectively (EPICS-SPME,
	Dewulf et al., 1999)

Other safety information

Surface tension 0,03 N/m at 20 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

Conditions to avoid

Warming.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 1.947 mg/kg Remarks: (RTECS)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 9,24 mg/l Remarks: (ECHA)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 10.100 mg/kg Remarks: (ECHA)

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

in vivo assay - Mouse

Result: Does not cause skin sensitization. (OECD Test Guideline 429)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes) Application Route: Oral

Method: OPPTS 870.5395 Result: negative Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Result: negative Carcinogenicity No data available **Reproductive toxicity** No data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available Aspiration hazard No data available Toxicity LD50 orally in rats: 1.19 ml/kg (Smyth)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 140 mg/l - 96 h

(US-EPA)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

semi-static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 2,7 mg/l - 48 h

(OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae

static test NOEC - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - 7,95 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d Result: 11,7 % - Not readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 42 d (1,2-Dichloropropane) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0,5 - 7 (OECD Test Guideline 305C)

Mobility in soil

No data available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxics Screening Level

The Initial Threshold Screening Level (ITSL) for propylene dichloride (1,2-dichloropropane) is 4µg/m3 with annual averaging time (AT).

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Incompatibilities

Contact with strong oxidizers, powdered aluminum may cause fire and explosion hazard. Strong acids can cause decomposition and the formation of hydrogen chloride vapors. Reacts with strong bases; o-dichlorobenzene, 1,2-dichloroethane. Corrosive to aluminum and its alloys. Attacks some plastics, rubber, and coatings.

Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

Waste Disposal

Incineration, preferably after mixing with another combustible fuel. Care must be exercised to assure complete combustion to prevent the formation of phosgene. An acid scrubber is necessary to remove the halo acids produced.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number

ADR/RID: 1279 IMDG: 1279 IATA: 1279

UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE IMDG: 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE

IATA: 1,2-Dichloropropane

14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
14.5	ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3	IATA: 3
14.4	Packaging group	
14.4	Adr/Rid: II IMdg: II	IATA: II
14.5	Environmental hazards	
14.5	ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	No data available	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZloC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service EC50: Effective Concentration 50% IATA: International Air Transportation Association IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal Dose 50% RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

Other Information

Do NOT take working clothes home.

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.